

The background of the slide features a deep blue underwater scene with two whales. A large, semi-transparent watermark consisting of the Roman numerals 'IX' is positioned on the left side of the image. The text 'Science & Education Report' is centered horizontally across the middle of the image.

Science & Education Report

MS Fridtjof Nansen

Grand Greenland:
The Icy Giants of Disko Bay

24 June 2026 – 04 July 2026





Science & Education Programme

As we sailed along the Greenland coast, we journeyed together through landscapes shaped by sea, weather, wildlife, history, and time.

Through lectures, workshops, time on deck, and moments ashore, we explored coastlines, fjords, islands, seabirds, whales, plants, clouds, and plankton — and the forces shaping this polar route — while contributing to Citizen Science along the way.

We hope these shared experiences deepened your connection to the places we visited and inspired you to keep observing, recording, and caring for the natural world beyond this voyage.

History & Culture

We discovered Greenlandic settlements and received a warm welcome from every community we visited. Through engaging lectures and discussions with Sidsel, Kasper and Chef Inuunguaq, we gained a deeper understanding of Greenlandic traditions, cuisine, daily life, and the deep connection between people and nature. We also learned about the challenges and opportunities of living in the Arctic and were introduced to basic Greenlandic words, enriching our understanding of Greenland's unique culture and way of life.



NASA's GLOBE Cloud Observer

During our voyage, we conducted four Cloud Observation sessions, comparing what we saw overhead with satellite data passing above.

Every observation helps scientists refine cloud classification, weather forecasting, and climate models — small notes from the deck that feed a much larger picture.

Ready to keep contributing from home? Continue observing through the GLOBE Observer app.

[View our data](#) on the global map



iNaturalist

Throughout this voyage, guests played a vital role in documenting the biodiversity of Greenland.

Together, we gathered:

- 775 observations
- 189 species identified
- 7 observers participating

On this voyage, we recorded the hybrid dryas even further south than documented last year — almost 2° latitude (220 km) beyond the previous record.

Every observation helps scientists build a clearer picture of biodiversity and the changes underway in Arctic and sub-Arctic regions.

View our data submitted on our [iNaturalist project](#)



Red-tipped lousewort —
Pedicularis flammea



Golden Arctic willow —
hybrid dryas



Woolly lousewort —
Pedicularis lanata



Golden Arctic willow —
hybrid dryas



Science Boat

Over 10 science boat sessions, you moved beyond observation and took part in hands-on exploration of the waters along our route.

Using the plankton net, CTD, and Secchi disk, you collected samples and measurements to better understand the hidden world beneath the surface, from tiny drifting organisms to water conditions and clarity.

Together with our guest scientist Tammy, you also collected various data including water samples for the Iceberg Ecosystems project. These samples will help to understand how the increase of meltwater and the presence of icebergs impact the ecosystems.

[View our data](#) submitted to the Secchi Disk Project



CTD

Beneath the surface, the ocean holds important clues about change.

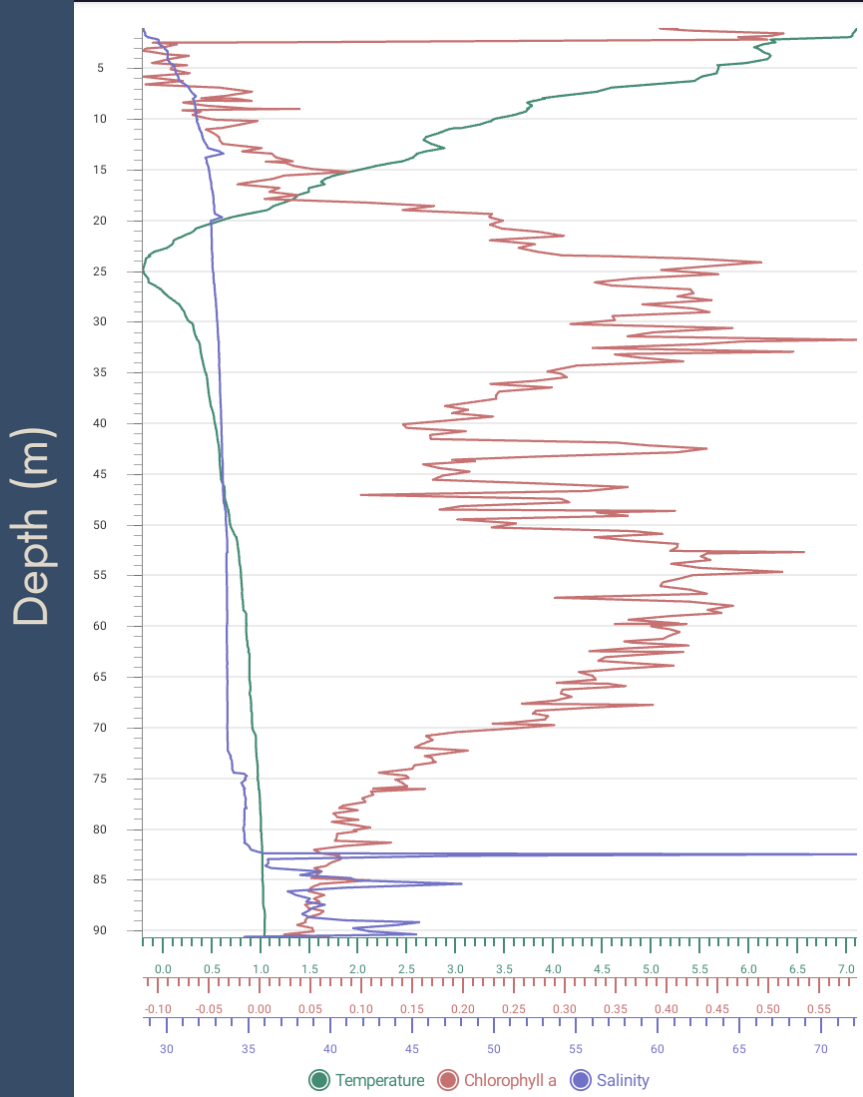
With the CTD, you measured temperature, salinity, and depth, helping us better understand water conditions along our route.

Each profile added useful data on how freshwater, currents, and ocean layers shape these waters, one measurement at a time.

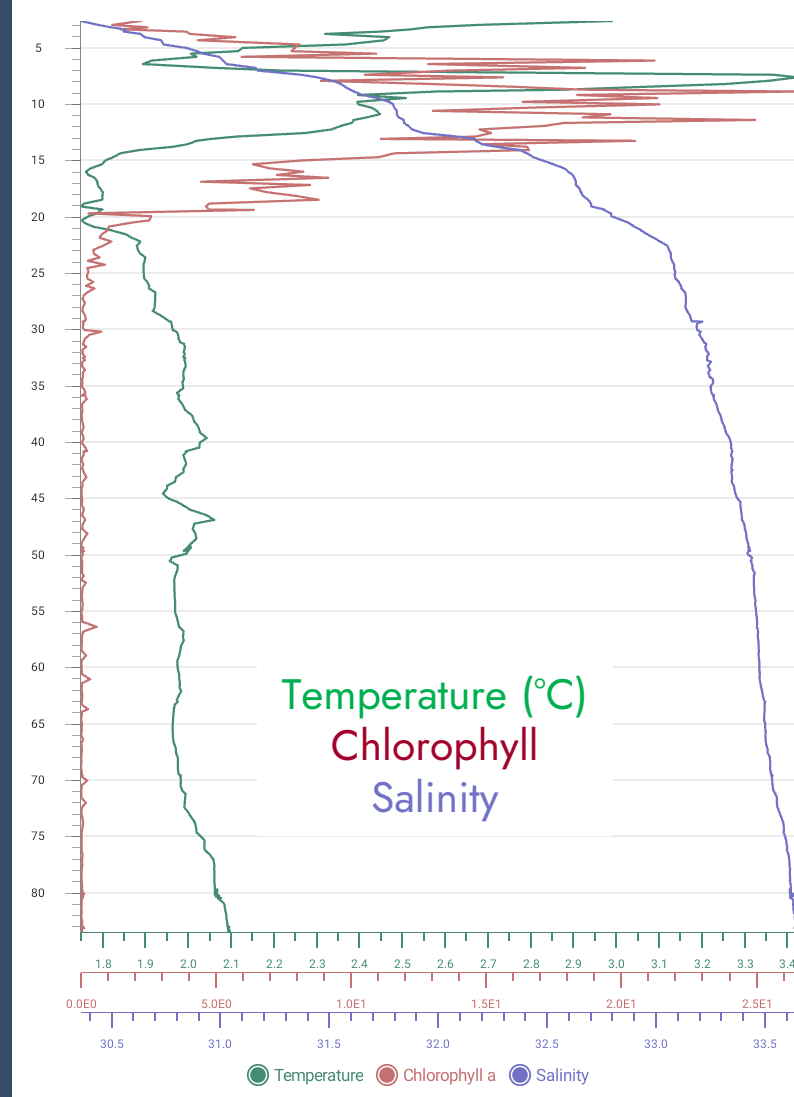
All the CTD data you collected are downloaded to the European Marine Observation and Data Network (EMODnet)

CTD

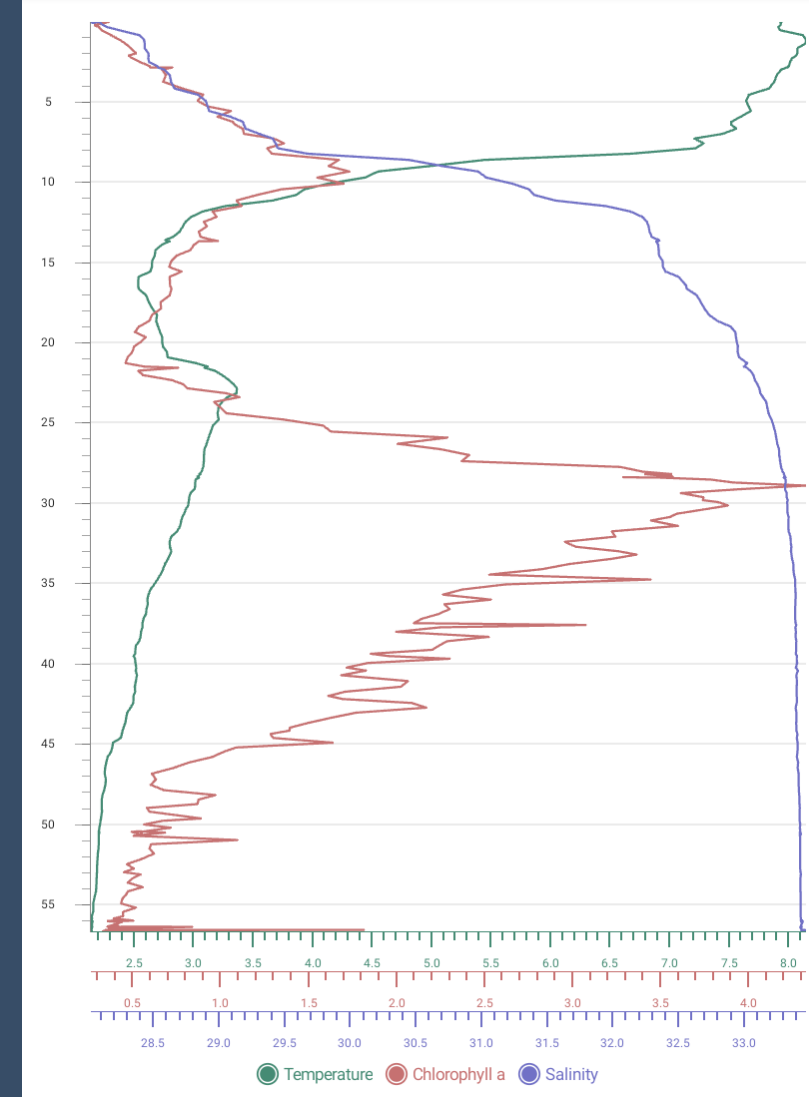
Marmorilik



Eqip Sermia



Evighedsfjord



Plankton Samples

Back in the Science Centre, we brought our samples into focus under the microscope, revealing a hidden world of plankton.

Using the main screen and smaller microscopes, you could explore each drop of water up close.

What appeared invisible to the naked eye quickly became a vivid reminder that these tiny organisms form the foundation of the rich ecosystems we've been travelling through.



Phytoplankton — diatoms



Zooplankton Larvae

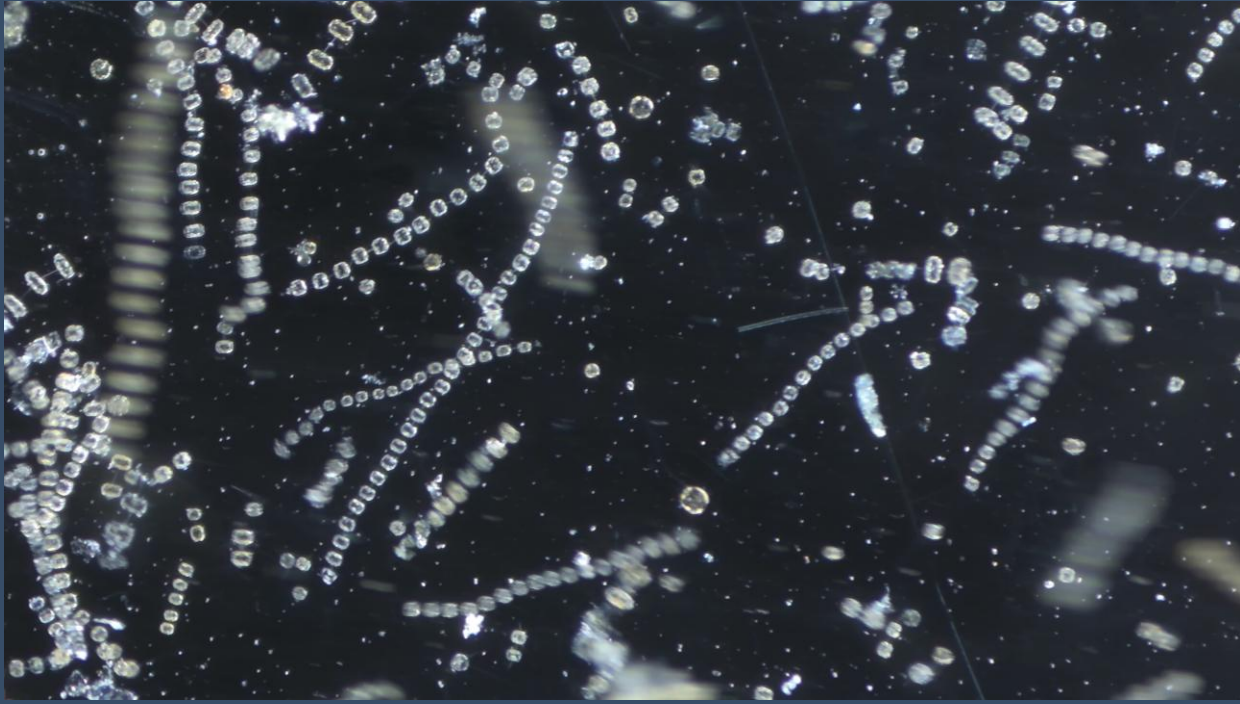


Jellyfish

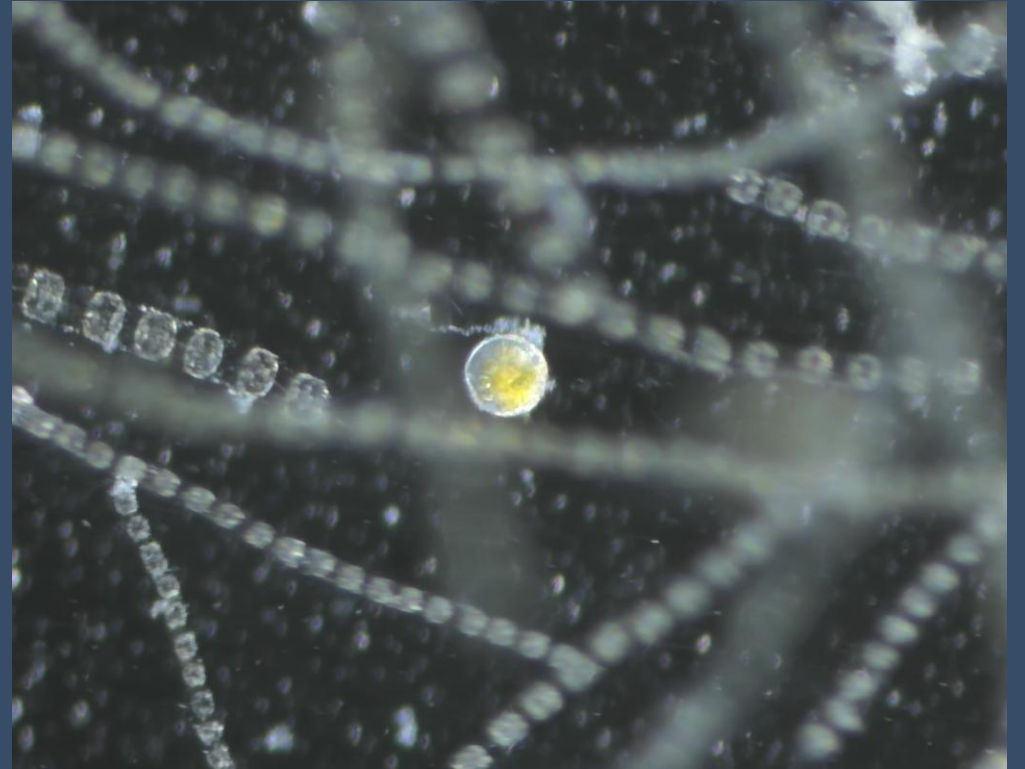


Amphipod

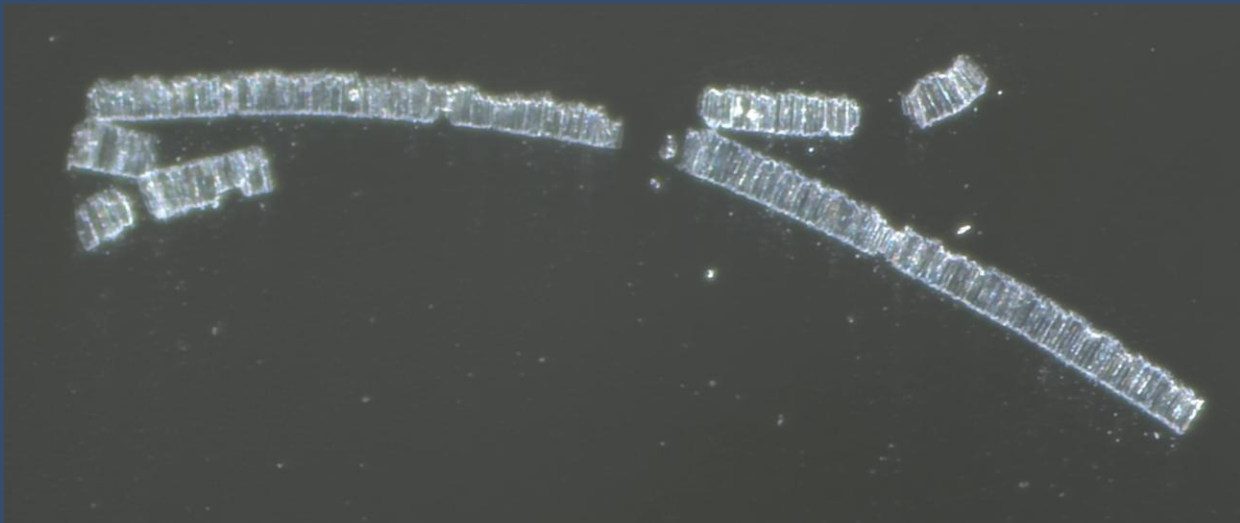
Phytoplankton



Diatoms



Dinoflagellate



Zooplankton



Ostracod



Amphipod



Sea butterfly -
gastropod



Chaetognatha

Guest Scientist

Dr Tammy Russell joined us on board for the Iceberg Ecosystems project, led by the Scripps Institution of Oceanography. The project sets out to understand how iceberg abundance and meltwater shape the ecosystems of Greenland.

Across four science boat sessions, we collected:

- Bird, ocean colour, and iceberg observations
- 14 meltwater samples
- 7 phytoplankton samples for identification and abundance
- 7 samples for nutrient analysis

Read more about the [IceECo project](#)

Visit our [Science & Education Hub](#) online to find out more



Wildlife List — Birds



Wildlife List — Seabirds

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
<i>Alle alle</i>	little auk	Krabbentaucher	mergule nain
<i>Cepphus grylle</i>	black guillemot	Gryllteiste	guillemot à miroir
<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>	northern fulmar	Eissturmvogel	fulmar boréal
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	lesser black-backed gull	Heringsmöwe	goéland brun
<i>Larus glaucoides</i>	Iceland gull	Polarmöwe	goéland arctique
<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>	glaucous gull	Eismöwe	goéland bourgmestre
<i>Larus marinus</i>	great black-backed gull	Mantelmöwe	goéland marin
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	great cormorant	Kormoran	grand cormoran
<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>	black-legged kittiwake	Dreizehenmöwe	mouette tridactyle
<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	Arctic tern	Küstenseeschwalbe	sterne arctique
<i>Uria lomvia</i>	Brünnich's guillemot	Dickschnabellumme	guillemot de brünnich

Wildlife List — Water birds

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	mallard	Stockente	canard colvert
<i>Branta canadensis</i>	Canada goose	Kanadagans	bernache du Canada
<i>Calidris maritima</i>	purple sandpiper	Meerstrandläufer	bécasseau violet
<i>Gavia stellata</i>	red-throated diver	Sterntaucher	plongeon catmarin
<i>Mergus serrator</i>	red-breasted merganser	Mittelsäger	harle huppé
<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>	red-necked phalarope	Odinshühnchen	phalarope à bec étroit
<i>Somateria mollissima</i>	common eider	Eiderente	eider à duvet

Wildlife List — Land birds

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
<i>Acanthis flammea</i>	redpoll	Birkenzeisig	sizerin flammé
<i>Calcarius lapponicus</i>	Lapland longspur	Spornammer	plectrophane lapon
<i>Corvus corax</i>	common raven	Kolkrabe	grand corbeau
<i>Lagopus muta</i>	rock ptarmigan	Alpenschneehuhn	lagopède alpin
<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	northern wheatear	Steinschmätzer	traquet motteux
<i>Plectrophenax nivalis</i>	snow bunting	Schneeammer	plectrophane des neiges



eBird

Bird-watching is more than a pastime — it is a working tool for science. eBird, a global Citizen Science platform, lets bird enthusiasts record and share sightings, feeding valuable data into research and conservation.

During our voyage, our onboard Ornithologists completed 34 checklists and recorded 23 bird species along the way.

Every entry adds to a growing database that helps scientists track migration patterns, monitor populations, and understand bird behaviour across Greenland.

View our data on our [eBird trip report](#)

Wildlife List — Marine Mammals



Wildlife List – Marine Mammals



SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i>	fin whale	Finnwal	rorqual commun
<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>	humpback whale	Buckelwal	baleine à bosse

Happywhale

By submitting photos to Happywhale, we help scientists follow individual animals through their lives — building a clearer picture of migration routes and population health.

On this voyage, we had a handful of distant encounters with both fin whales and humpback whales. We submitted two photos of whales sighted near Qeqertarsuaq and are now waiting to hear whether these individuals are already known in the catalogue.

Ready to add more to the record? If you have additional photos from this voyage or previous ones, we encourage you to submit them and follow your whales' journeys.

[View our submissions](#) to Happywhale

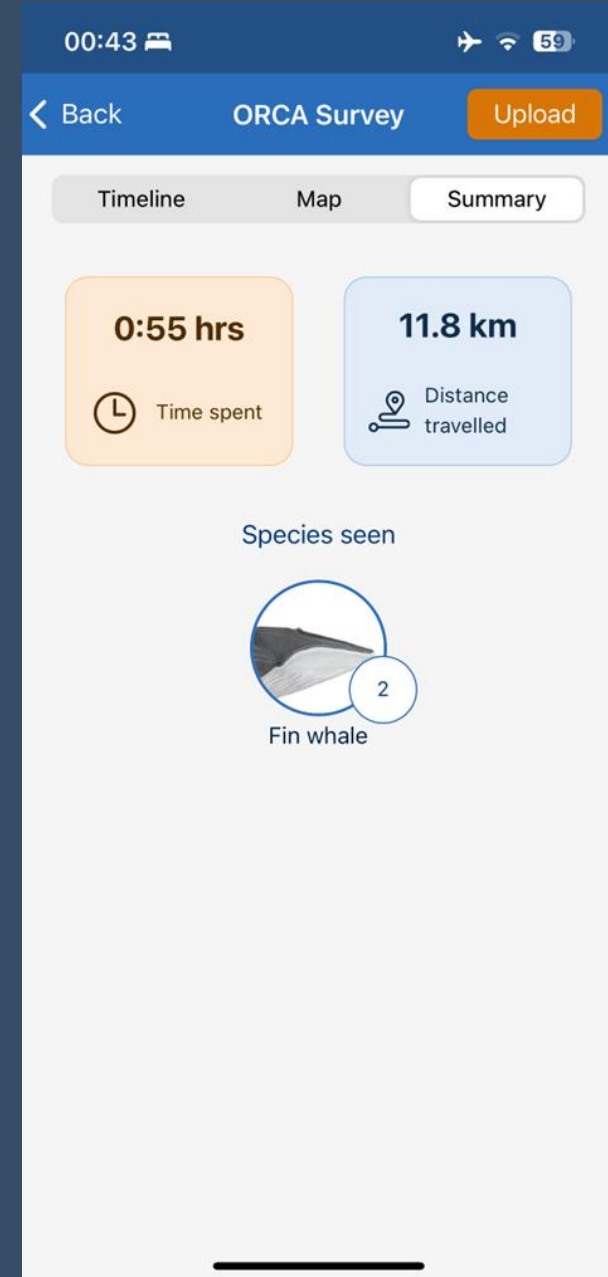
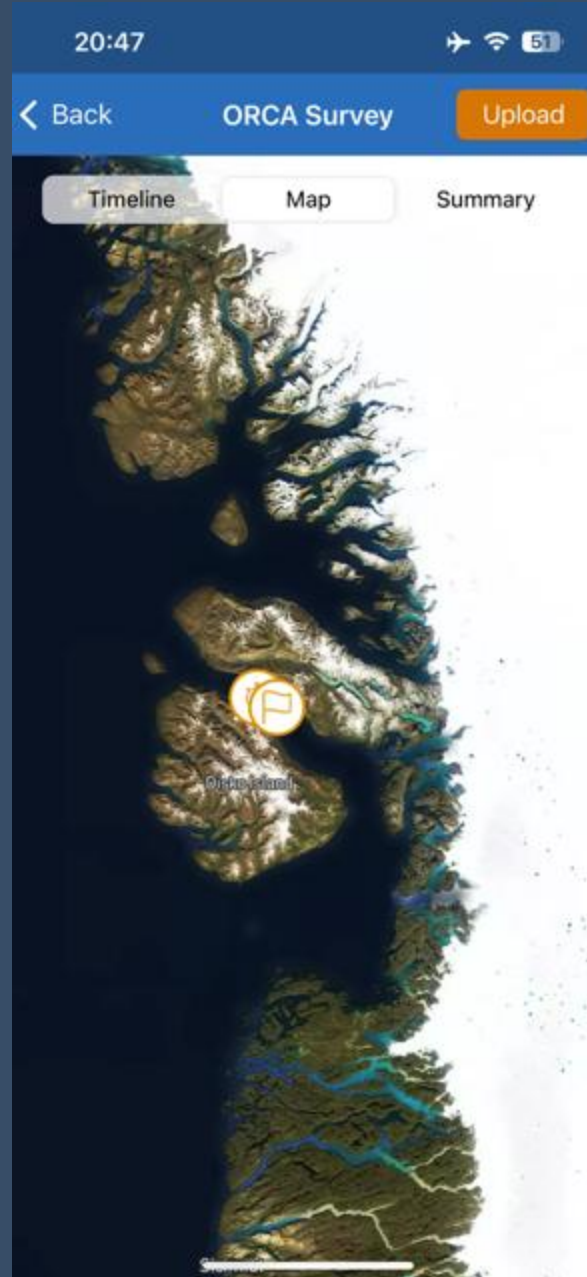


ORCA

While on your journey through West Greenland, you were joined by ORCA Ocean Conservationist Taz, who collected data on whales, dolphins, and porpoises.

The data was gathered through the OceanWatchers App and sent back to ORCA, where it becomes available to organisations working on cetacean conservation. It also feeds into the ORCA website's interactive map — a live picture of what may be seen where.

On this journey, we collected **8 hours** and **32 minutes** of survey data across a distance of **112 km**. **Four** marine mammal species were recorded, with **106 individuals** logged in total.



Wildlife

List — Land Mammals

Wildlife List – Land Mammals



SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
<i>Vulpes lagopus</i>	Arctic fox	Polarfuchs	renard arctique



THX

**Thanks for your
participation!**