

MS Spitsbergen

20.08.- 01.09.2025

The Ultimate Fjord and National Park Expedition





Science & Education Program

Our Science and Education Team accompanied you during your expedition to the remote nature of Scoresbysund and the National Park

We had the opportunity to explore our destination's natural beauty and rich history. We organized lectures and interactive activities onboard and explored our destinations during community visits, nature landings and from the water.

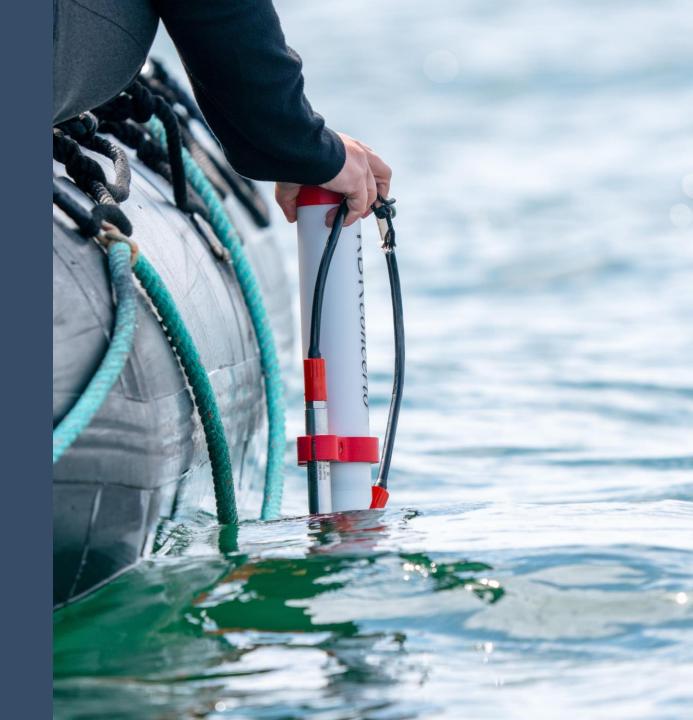
Your trip's statistics!

Science and Education Program

- 20 Lectures
- 9 Tiny Talks
- 6 Workshops
- 12 Discovery Sessions
- 2 Science Boats

Citizen Science contributions

- 2 Secchi Disk submissions
- 5 eDNA samples for EPIC/University of Bergen
- 6 GLOBE Cloud submissions
- 47 eBird checklists with 41 species observed
- 156 iNaturalist observations of 83 different species



History & Culture

During our expedition, we explored historical sites that reveal Greenland's rich history of human activity.

In this photo, you can see examples of maps—but not the kind you might expect. The Thule people didn't use paper maps. Instead, they carved tactile wooden charts that could be read by touch.

These pieces represented coastlines, islands, and fjords, allowing navigators to feel the landscape with their fingers. They were vital for traveling through East Greenland's icy, foggy waters where visibility was often poor.

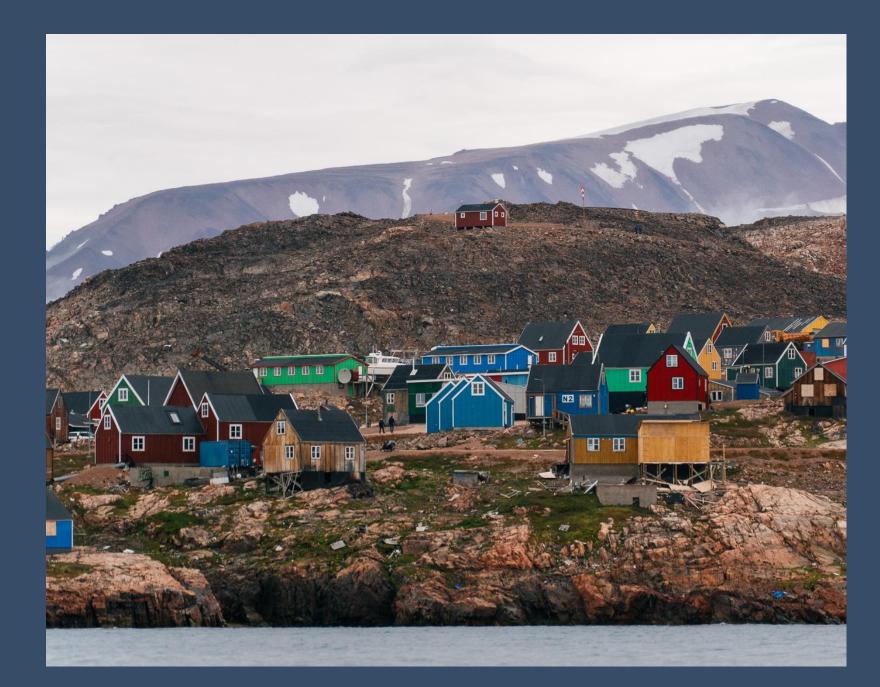
Remarkably, early explorers later noted that these "driftwood charts" were often more accurate than European maps of the same period. They demonstrate the Thule people's profound geographical knowledge of the Arctic.



History & Culture

Our visit to Ittoqqortoormiit offered a glimpse into the blending of Greenlandic and European history and culture. This fusion is reflected in the local traditions, the village layout, and the vibrant colors of the houses. We also witnessed how the harsh natural environment continues to shape daily life here.

This year is particularly significant, as the village celebrates its 100th anniversary—a remarkable milestone for this remote community in East Greenland.

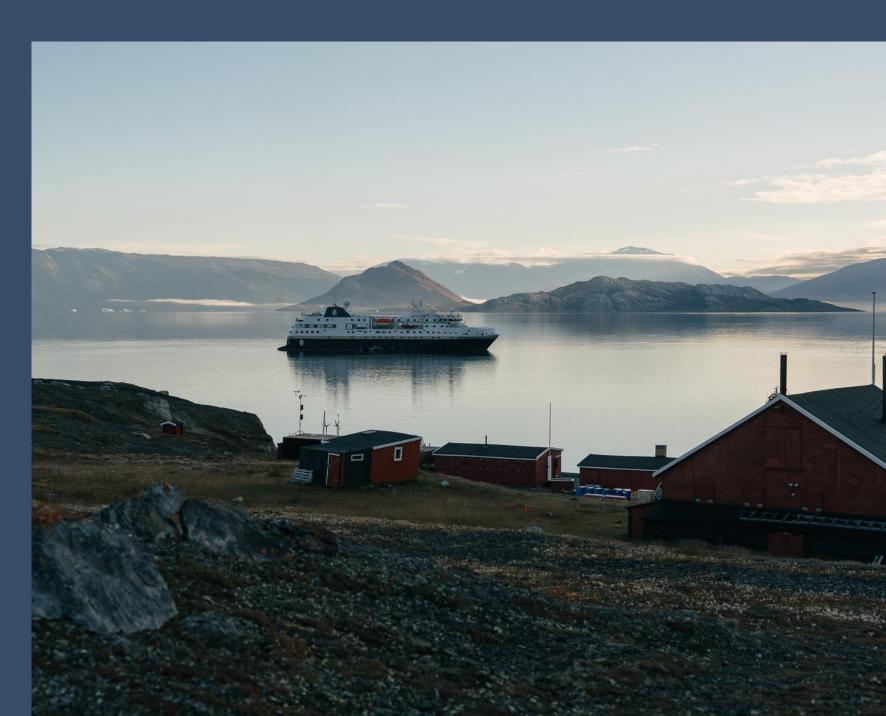


Ella ø

Ella Ø, or Ella Island, is located in East Greenland's King Oscar Fjord. It was named during early Danish expeditions in the 1890s. In the 1930s, Norway briefly occupied the island during its territorial claims in East Greenland. During World War II, a German weather station was established here to support Arctic operations, but it was destroyed by Allied patrols in 1944.

After the war, Denmark reasserted control and later built an outpost on the island. From the 1950s onward, Ella Ø served as a base for Danish military and scientific missions.

Today, the remaining ruins and cabins stand as a reminder of the island's strategic role in Arctic geopolitics.



8/5 8/8

NASA Globe Cloud Observer

Together with our Environmental Scientists Lois and Liam you observed the clouds and submitted your observations to NASA GLOBE Observer on 6 occasions. We will soon receive an email comparing your observations with satellite data. In the meantime, you can already see on the map how few observations there are in Greenland — which highlights just how valuable your data collection is for scientists studying clouds and climate.

These cloud observations can help NASA improve our understanding of Earth's atmosphere and climate by providing valuable data for scientificaresearchiand modelling.

NASA Globe Cloud Observer

You had a great trip observing clouds this trip, you spotted high level clouds like cirrus, fog/stratus clouds and sometimes clouds which are only known in locations in cold areas with mountains like Lenticular clouds. East Greenland is perfect for these types of clouds, but generally they are not common world wide.

This is an example of a high level cloud taken in East Greenland during this trip, if you look closely it actually looks like Greenland - you can even spot Scoresby sound!



Geology of East Greenland

On your voyage you discovered a landscape that told a story through geological time from 3 billion years ago to the present day! The oldest rocks were just by your feet as you visited the community of Ittoqqortoormiit. You saw some spectacular geology including microbial mats — a type of ancient fossil and beautiful stripe formations of the sedimentary rock around Elleanor bay. As you sailed through the Scoresby sound fjord system the high mountains peak all around you uplifted by the Caledonian mountain belt 400million years ago!



iNaturalist

Throughout our expedition, we documented the flora and fauna of Svalbard and uploaded all our findings to the iNaturalist platform.

During our voyage, we submitted 150 observations of 80 different species. This effort contributes to the creation of a comprehensive understanding of the current distribution of species in the archipelago and can aid researchers in their ongoing studies and conservation efforts to protect these species.

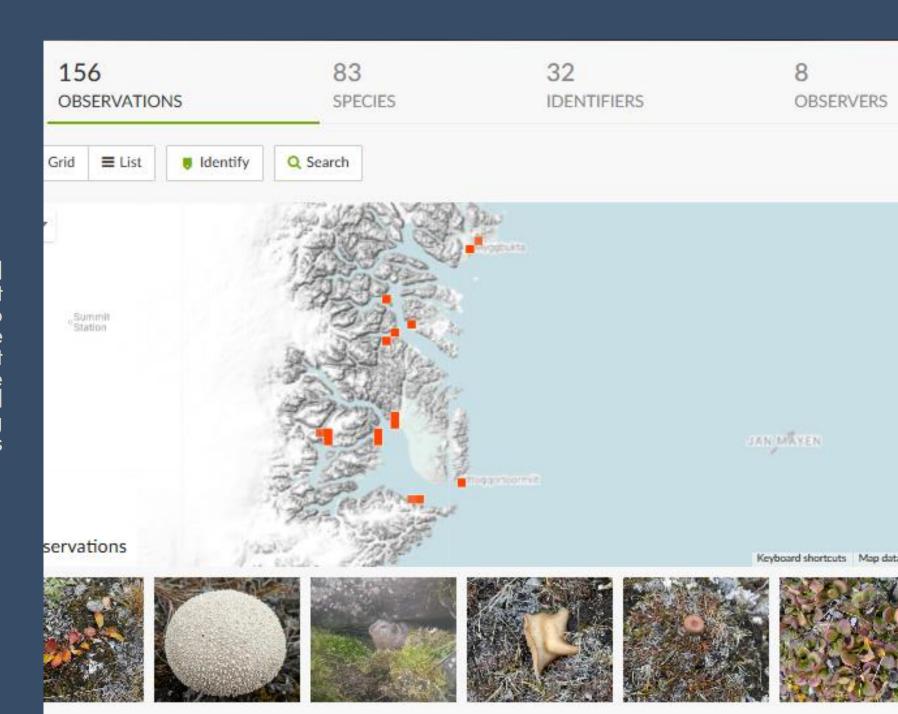
View our data submitted on our project by scanning the QR code

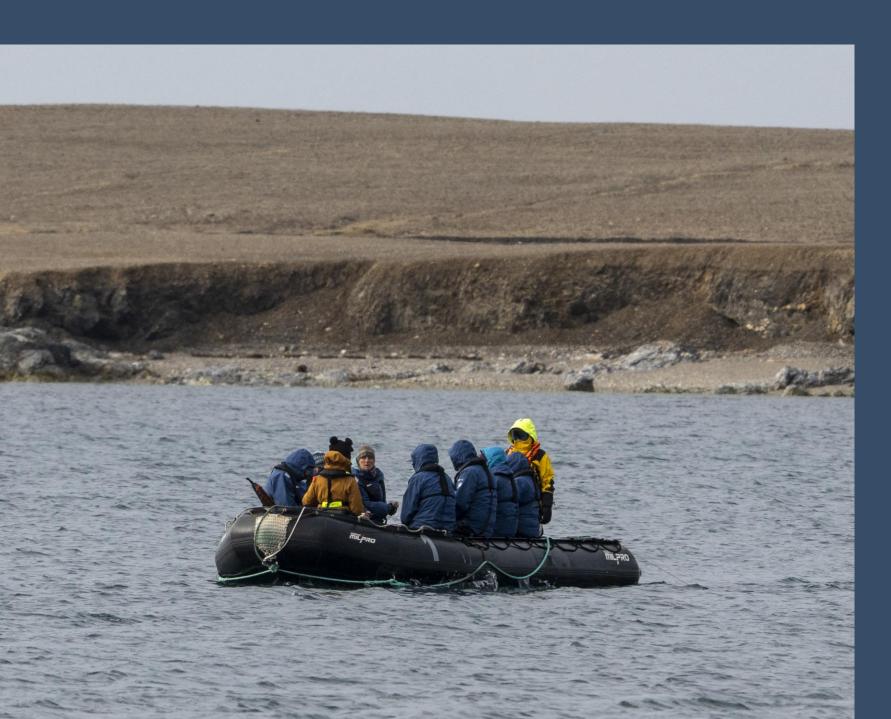


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Science Boat

14 eager participants joined our 2 Science Boats in to study plankton and the hydrography of our destination.

Together we collected oceanographic information to better understand the marine environment and used a plankton tow net to collect samples of the microscopic creatures that are the foundation of the ecosystem.

Phytoplankton - Dinoflagellates

Plankton Samples

We explored the microscopic world of plankton, the tiny organisms that drift in our ocean.

In all of our plankton samples we found Copepods, the keystone organism of the marine food web in the Arctic.

During our discovery session, we also observed various types of phytoplankton, such as the dinoflagellates captured in the picture.





EPIC Project

During our voyage, we also collected environmental DNA samples for the EPIC project (Innovative approaches to understanding marine pelagic ecosystems through eDNA biodiversity data).

The five samples we collectedat two locations during our trip will contribute to groundbreaking research by capturing eDNA from the waters we traversed, helping to build a comprehensive picture of marine biodiversity in the North Atlantic-Arctic interface. This effort supports the scientific community in monitoring ecosystem health and understanding the impacts of environmental changes.



eBird

During our wildlife watches and landings, our naturalists conducted detailed bird surveys, recording observations for the citizen science platform eBird. We recorded 41 different species of birds in 47 checklists.

This initiative helps contribute valuable data to global bird conservation efforts, enhancing our understanding of bird populations and their habitats.

View our data on our <u>eBird Trip Report</u>



Wildlife List — Seabirds

Scientific Name	English	Deutsch	Français
Fulmarus glacialis	Northern Fulmar	Eissturmvogel	Fulmar boréal
Ardenna gravis	Great Shearwater	Kappensturmtaucher	Puffin Majeur
Ardenna grisea	Sooty Shearwater	Dunkler Sturmtaucher	Puffin Fuligineux
Puffinus puffinus	Manx Shearwater	Schwarzschnabelsturmtaucher	Puffin des Anglais
Morus bassanus	Northern Gannet	Basstölpel	Fou de Bassan
Stercorarius skua	Great Skua	Große Raubmöwe	Grand Labbe
Stercorarius pomarinus	Pomarine Skua (Pomarine Jaeger)	Spatelraubmöwe	Labbe pomarin
Stercorarius parasiticus	Arctic Skua (Parasitic Jaeger)	Schmarotzerraubmöwe	Labbe parasite
Stercorarius longicaudus	Long-tailed Skua (Long-tailed Jaeger)	Falkenraubmöwe	Labbe à longue queue
Rissa tridactyla	Black-legged Kittiwake	Dreizehenmöwe	Mouette tridactyle
Xema sabini	Sabine's Gull	Schwalbenmöwe	Mouette de Sabine
Chroicocephalus ridibundus	Black-headed Gull	Lachmöwe	Mouette rieuse
Larus argentatus	European Herring Gull	Silbermöwe	Goéland argenté
Larus hyperboreus	Glaucous Gull	Eismöwe	Goéland Bourgmestre
Larus fuscus	Lesser Black-backed Gull	Heringsmöwe	Goéland brun
Larus marinus	Great Black-backed Gull	Mantelmöwe	Goéland marin
Sterna paradisaea	Arctic Tern	Küstenseeschwalbe	Sterne Arctique
Alle alle	Little Auk	Krabbentaucher	Mergule nain
Fratercula arctica	Atlantic Puffin	Papageitaucher	Macareux moine
Cepphus grylle	Black Guillemot	Gryllteiste	Guillemot à miroir
Uria aalge	Common Guillemot (Common Murre)	Trottellumme	Guillemot marmette
Alca torda	Razorbill	Tordalk	Petit Pingouin

Wildlife List — Water birds

Scientific Name	English	Deutsch	Français
Anser brachyrhynchus	Pink-footed Goose	Kurzschnabelgans	Oie à bec court
Branta leucopsis	Barnacle Goose	Weißwangengans	Bernache nonnette
Somateria mollissima	Common Eider	Eiderente	Eider à duvet
Somateria spectabilis	King Eider	Prachteiderente	Eider à tête grise
Gavia stellata	Red-throated Diver (Red-throated Loon)	Sterntaucher	Plongeon catmarin
Phalacrocorax carbo	Great Cormorant	Kormoran	Grand Cormoran
Clangula hyemalis	Long-tailed duck	Eisente	Harelde boréale

Wildlife List – Waders/Shorebirds

Scientific Name	English	Deutsch	Français
Charadrius hiaticula	Common Ringed Plover	Sandregenpfeifer	Pluvier grand-gravelot
Calidris alba	Sanderling	Sanderling	Bécasseau sanderling
Calidris canutus	Red Knot	Knutt	Bécasseau maubèche
Calidris maritima	Purple Sandpiper	Meerstrandläufer	Bécasseau violet
Calidris alpina	Dunlin	Alpenstrandläufer	Bécasseau variable
Arenaria interpres	Ruddy Turnstone	Steinwälzer	Tournepierre à collier

Wildlife List — Land birds

Scientific Name	English	Deutsch	Français
Lagopus muta	Rock Ptarmigan	Alpenschneehuhn	Lagopède alpin
Oenanthe oenanthe	Northern Wheatear	Steinschmätzer	Traquet motteux
Acanthis flammea	Redpoll	Birkenzeisig	Sizerin flammé
Corvus corax	Northern (Common) Raven	Kolkrabe	Grand corbeau
Plectrophenax nivalis	Snow Bunting	Schneeammer	Bruant des neiges
Nyctea scandiaca	Snowy owl	Schneeule	Harfang des neiges
Falco rusticolus	Gyrfalcon	Gerfalke	Faucon gerfaut

Species Spotlight: Snowy Owl

A moment of inspiration from our Expedition Leader, Marcus, gave us an unexpected bonus: an extra morning landing with breathtaking views of the magnificent snowy owl. These remarkable birds nest on small hummocks, giving them commanding views across the tundra— a perfect vantage point for spotting prey. Lemmings, beware!

Photo by Marcus



Species Spotlight: Gyrfalcon

At Myggbukta, a beautiful white bird flew out to inspect the ship — the regal **gyrfalcon**. The largest of all falcons, a true Arctic falcon. It comes in an assortment of plumages, but the white variant is a speciality of Greenland. Once taken from the wild for falconry, the gyrfalcon was the preserve of kings and emperors.

It nests on cliff ledges, often sites that have been used for hundreds of years — one Greenland site was built on guano dating back 2500 years....

Photo by Marcus

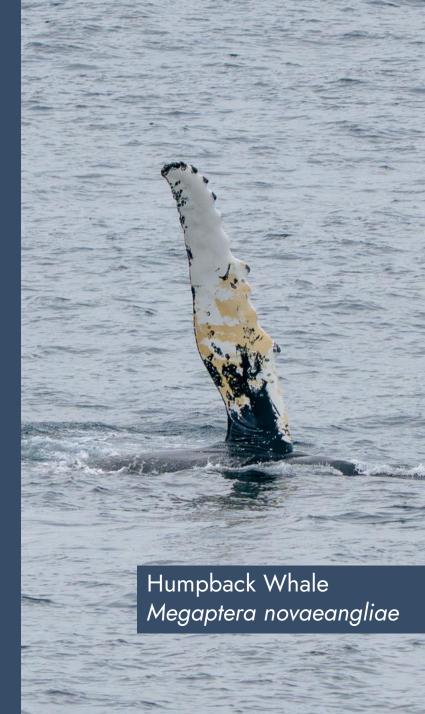




Wildlife List — Marine

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
Balaenoptera physalus	Fin Whale	Finnwal	Rorqual commun
Megaptera novaeangliae	Humpback Whale	Buckelwal	Baleine à Bosse
Balaenoptera acutorostrata	Common Minke Whale	Zwergwal	Rorqual à museau pointu
Lagenorhynchus albirostris	White-beaked Dolphin	Weißschnauzendelfin	Lagénorhynque à bec blanc
Orcinus Orca	Orca, Killer Whale	Orca, Schwertwal	Orque
Pusa hispida	Ringed Seal	Ringelrobbe	Phoque Annelé
Erignathus barbatus	Bearded Seal	Bartrobbe	Phoque Barbu
Ursus maritimus	Polar Bear	Eisbär	Ours polaire





Happywhale

We submitted pictures of the identifying features of the marine mammals that we encountered to the citizen science platform, Happywhale. In total six individual Humpback Whales were submitted, of which at least one could be matched to a known individual.

Happywhale allows us to follow individual whales and other marine mammals and learn about their life history and migratory routes. This helps us better understand these fascinating creatures and contributes to their conservation.









Wildlife List — Land mammals

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH	DEUTSCH	FRANÇAIS
Dicrostonyx groenlandicus	Northern Collared Lemming	Nördlicher Halsbandlemming	Lemming du Groenland
Lepus arcticus	Arctic Hare	Polarhase	Lièvre Arctique
Ovibos moschatus	Muskox	Moschusochse	Boeuf Musqué
Vulpes lagopus	Arctic Fox	Polarfuchs	Renard Arctique









